PAX5
Concentrated and Prediluted Monoclonal Antibody
902-207-110717

Catalog Number: ACR 207 A, B, C
Description: 0.1, 0.5, 1.0 ml, concentrated
Dilution: 1:100
Diluent: Da Vinci Green

Description: APR 207 AA
Dilution: 6.0 ml, prediluted

Intended Use:
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Summary and Explanation:
PAX5 is a B-cell specific activator protein (BSAP). In early stages of B-cell development, PAX5 influences the expression of several B-cell specific genes, such as CD19 and CD20. PAX5 is expressed primarily in pro-, pre-, and mature B-cells, but not in plasma cells. There is an excellent correlation between CD20 and PAX5 expression; however the anti-PAX5 antibody exceeds the specificity and sensitivity of L26 (CD20) due to its expression in early B-cell differentiation and its ability to detect all committed B-cells, including classic Hodgkin’s lymphoma. Studies have shown that it is very specific to B-cell lineage and does not stain T-cells. In essence, PAX5 may be a superior pan-B-cell marker to CD20.

Principle of Procedure:
Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. A secondary antibody may be applied to bind the primary antibody, followed by an enzyme labeled polymer; or an enzyme labeled polymer may be applied directly to bind the primary antibody. The detection of the bound primary antibody is evidenced by an enzyme-mediated colorimetric reaction.

Source: Mouse monoclonal
Species Reactivity: Human; others not tested
Clone: 24 (Previously known as BC/24)
Isotype: IgG1
Total Protein Concentration: ~10 mg/ml. Call for lot specific Ig concentration.
Epitope/Antigen: PAX5 (B-cell)
Cellular Localization: Nuclear
Positive Tissue Control: Tonsil or B-cell lymphoma
Known Applications: Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)
Supplied As: Buffer with protein carrier and preservative
Storage and Stability:
Store at 2°C to 8°C. Do not use after the expiration date printed on the vial. If reagents are stored under conditions other than those specified in the package insert, they must be verified by the user. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

Staining Protocol Recommendations:
Peroxide Block: Block for 5 minutes with Biocare’s Peroxidized 1.

Pretreatment: Perform heat retrieval using Biocare’s Borg or Reveal Decloaker. Refer to the Borg or Reveal Decloaker product data sheet for specific instructions.

Protein Block (Optional): Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Biocare’s Background Punisher.

Primary Antibody: Incubate for 30-45 minutes at RT.
Probe: Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a secondary probe.

Polymer: Incubate for 10-20 minutes at RT with a tertiary polymer.

Chromogen: Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare’s DAB-OR-

Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Biocare’s Warp Red.

Counterstain: Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha’s Bluing Solution for 1 minute. Rinse with deionized water.

Technical Note:
This antibody has been standardized with Biocare’s MACH 4 detection system. Use TBS buffer for washing steps.

Limitations:
This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

Precautions:
1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (Na3N) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (4)
2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (5)
3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

Technical Support:
Contact Biocare’s Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References: